



Dedication

To my Mom (1968-2014), who always believed in me and was the first person supporting me to study Architecture. I dedicate this project to your memory, as it is the product of what I proudly achieved through my years of study. I would not be the person I am today without the sacrifices and efforts you made in raising us...

To my Dad, Parents-In-Law, Siblings, Family, and Friends: your unconditional support is what keeps my spirit up and fighting to achieve what I dream of, I thank you always for being there for me.

To my Friend, Lover, Partner, and Husband, Naseem: you are the reason for my happiness, which gives me the energy to get up every day and achieve what I dream. You are the most incredible support system that I can ask for.

To my unborn daughter: I hope one day when you grow up, you look into my projects and be proud.

Acknowledgement

To my Studio Professor, Ray Holliday: I am incredibly thankful for having you as my professor for this year; your approach to dealing with our problem along the studio was greatly beneficial. I loved how you always guided me toward doing what is applicable without discouraging me from doing it in a creative new way. Your positive attitude was cheerful to me in many stressful moments. Thank you!

To my Committee Chair, Marcelo Lopez-Dinardi: You helped me from the beginning of my Master's program to see Architecture differently; I applied what I learned in this project; with your guidance and constant support, I have accomplished what I am proud of now, Thank you!

To my Committee Members, James Burdine & James Tate: Thank you for being there in my committee reviews and providing me with great insights and helpful feedback for the project.

Committee

R<mark>ay Holliday</mark> Ala, Asla, Apa, Asid, Li Studio Professor

Marcelo López-Dinardi
Assistant Professor

Committee Chair

James Burdine
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Committee Member

James Tate
Assistant Professor

Committee Member

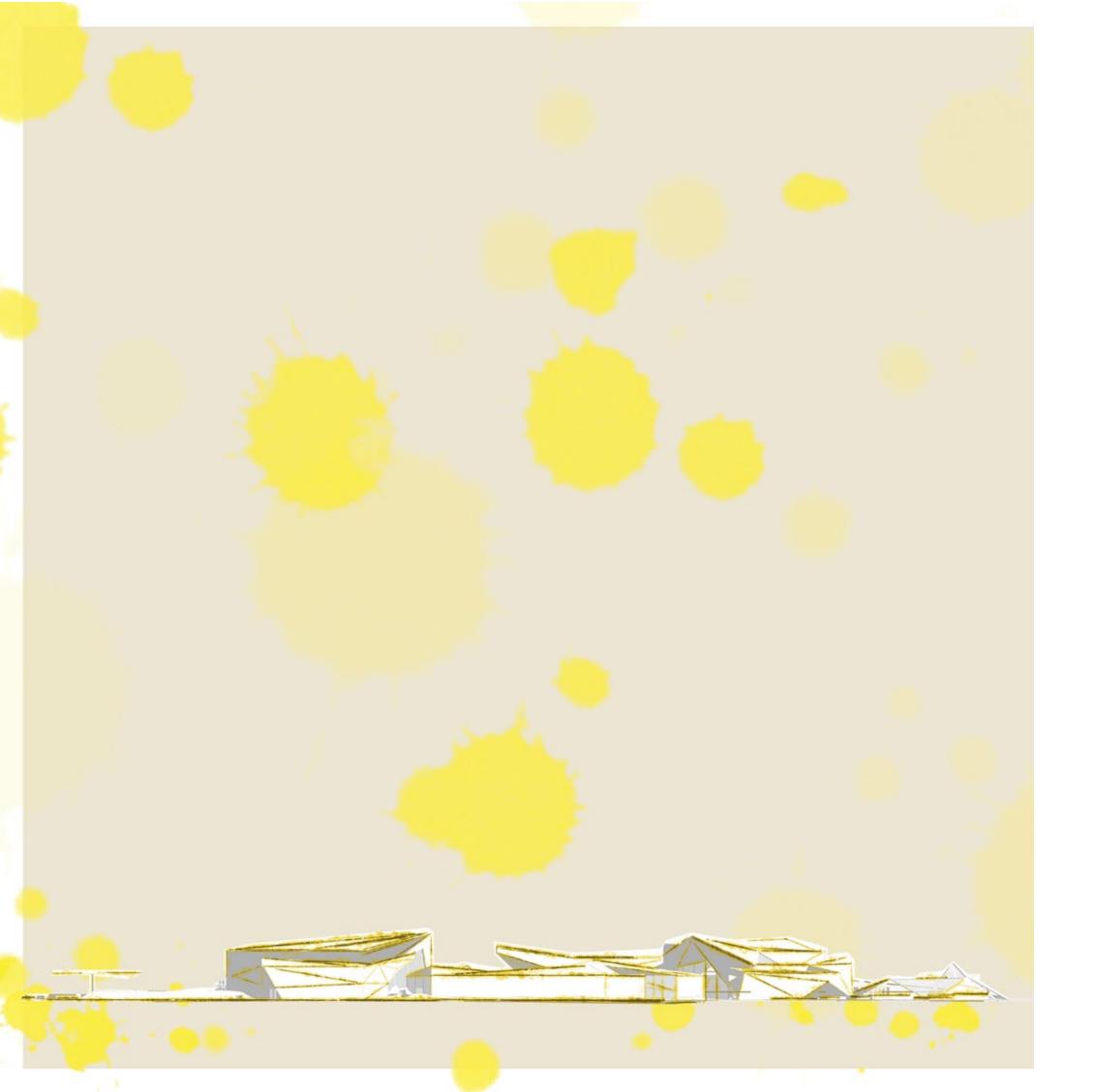


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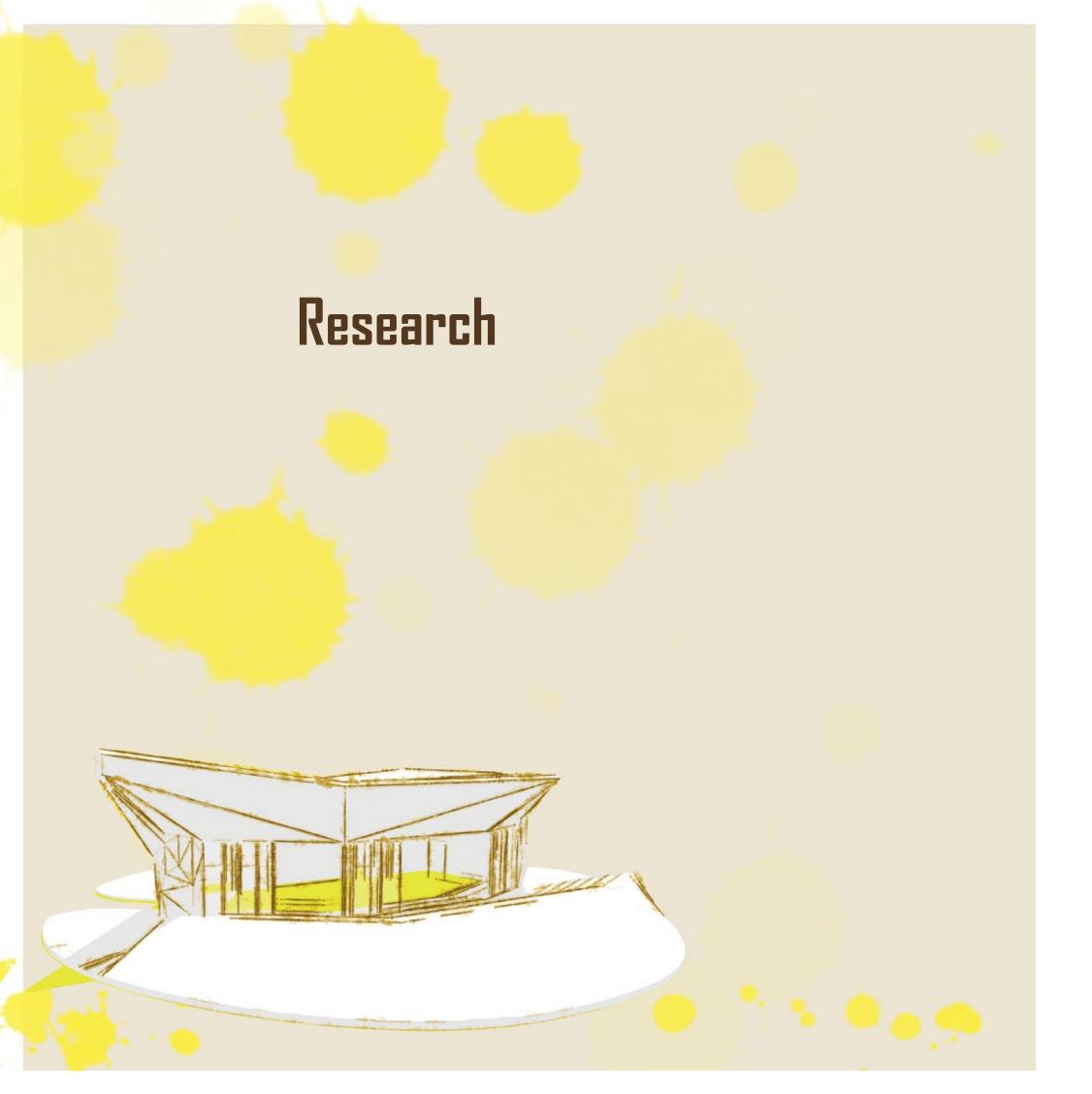
78 Sources

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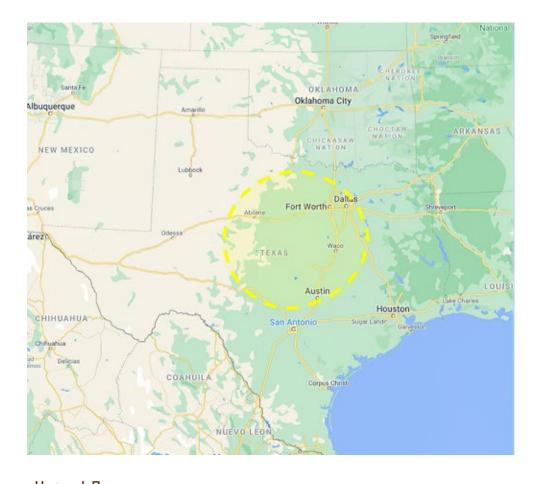
Our urban experience is mainly divided by site boundaries and functions, where the in-between spaces are lost. By studying the hierarchy and relationships between the urban fabric parts, we can introduce a vibrant neighborhood where the built environment enhances its living conditions; therefore, supporting its dwellers' well-being and mental health.



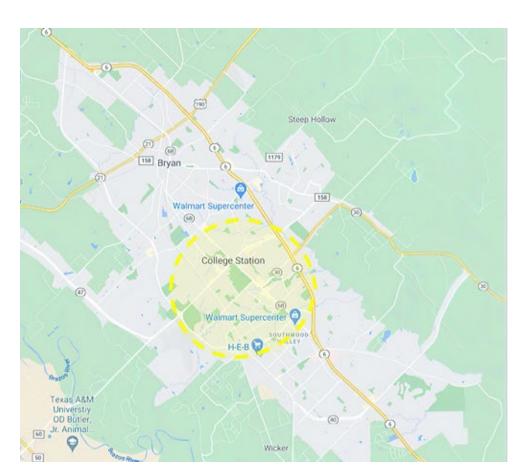
"Health problems related to physical inactivity have become a global health challenge affecting people from the full spectrum of income, age, and ethnicity."

"Simple interventions such as street lighting, pavements, sidewalks, street trees, benches, bike lanes or trails, and traffic-calming devices appeared to hold some promise in promoting physical activities in neighborhoods. Long-term solutions should include strategies to enhance overall aesthetics, safety, accessibility, street connectivity, and social interactions among neighbors."

"Indirectly, the physical environment may influence mental health by altering psychosocial processes with known mental health sequelae. Personal control, socially supportive relationships, and restoration from stress and fatigue are all affected by properties of the built environment."



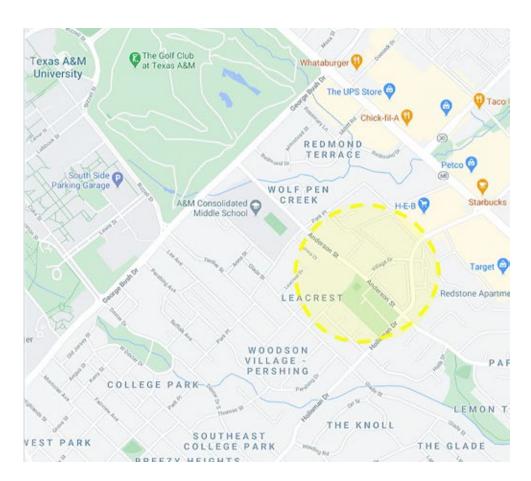
United States



College Station



Texas



Leacrest Neighborhood



Site / Analysis College Station, Texas







Every city in the world got affected by the current pandemic; each city has different challenges depending on many factors. In Texas, most municipalities have similar configurations; therefore, similar challenges.

The project will take place in one of the College Station residential neighborhoods, the study area will be a test sample to apply the project. College Station is a growing city with a flourishing community representing a diverse population and inclusive society.

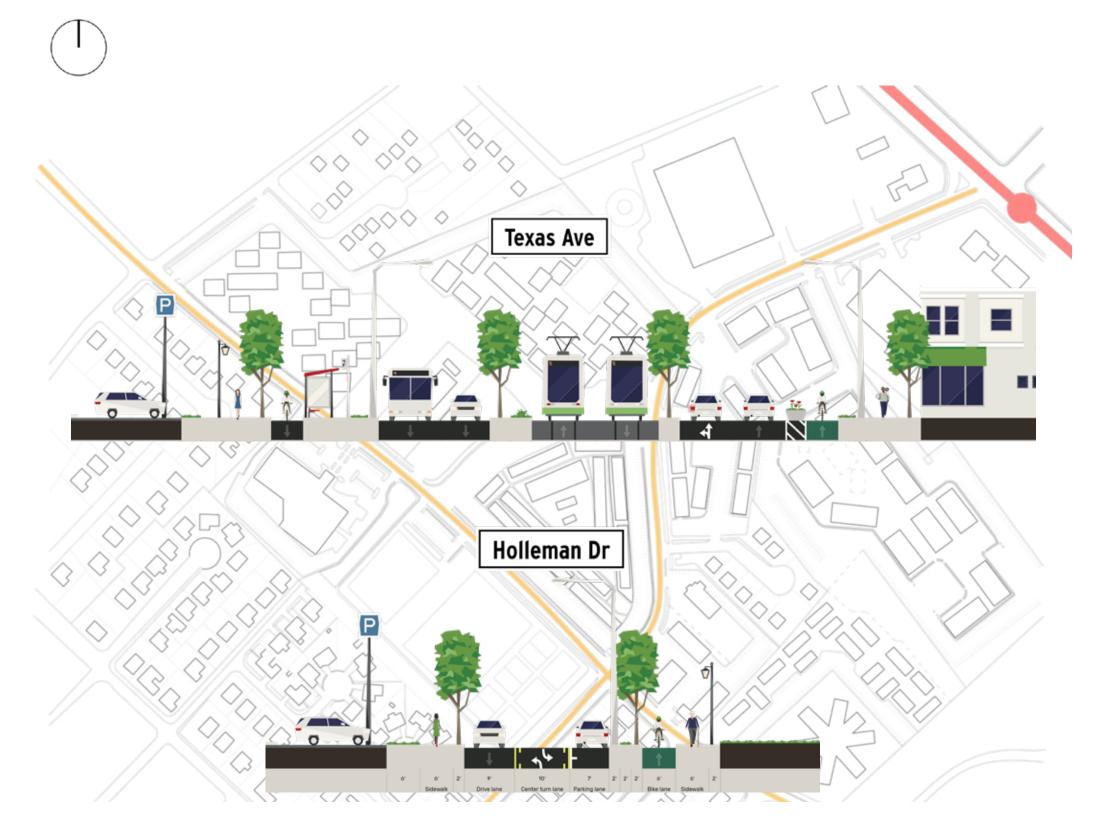
Site Plan

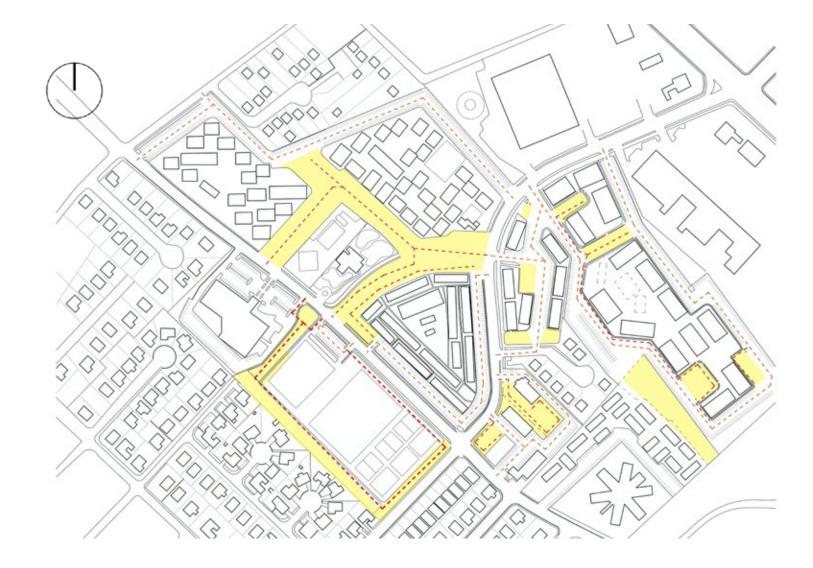
The project will have different scenarios depending on the neighborhood configuration and the residents' formation, which can be a prototype that could be applied in other neighborhoods.

Transportation System

The project's first step is proposing a new mass transportation system in College Station that connects the neighborhoods. Therefore, we reduce the use of cars and the need for more parking lot areas.







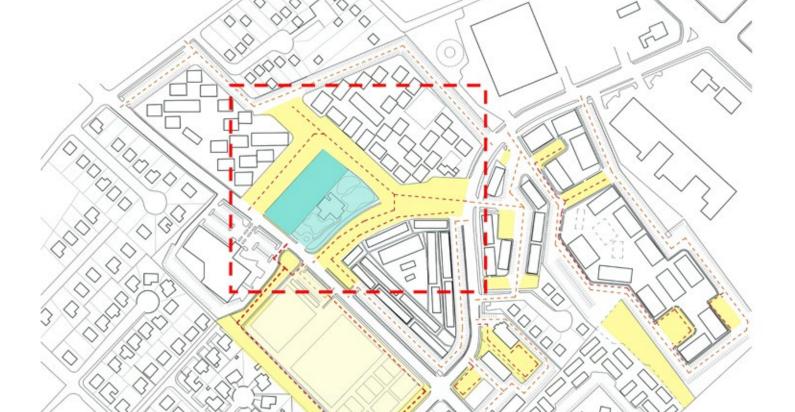
Parking Lots

Proposing to reduce the Parking lots number for the area.



Zooming-in

Selecting the central part of the site to focus on for the project proposal.



Existing Buildings

Reconfiguring the community facilities in the site.



Flow Paths

Imagining the cognitive map of how people would receive the site. (natural elements, circulation path, and canopies).

Concept

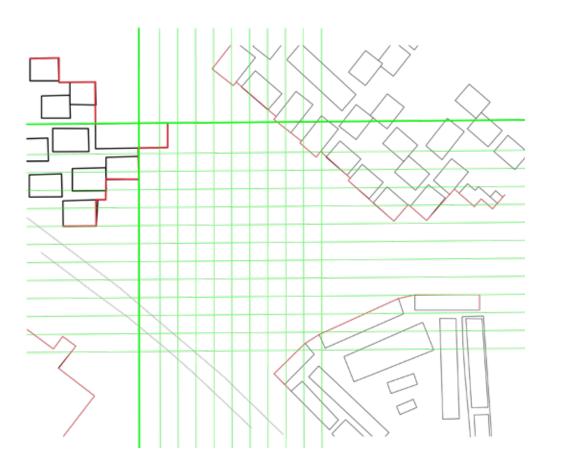
Many spaces are lost in our neighborhoods; edges between plots and parcels are one the areas that could be exploited in a better way. Creating a new hybrid environment around our buildings with multiple functions. The accessible outdoor parts gives attraction points to the people to interact and connect with the project.

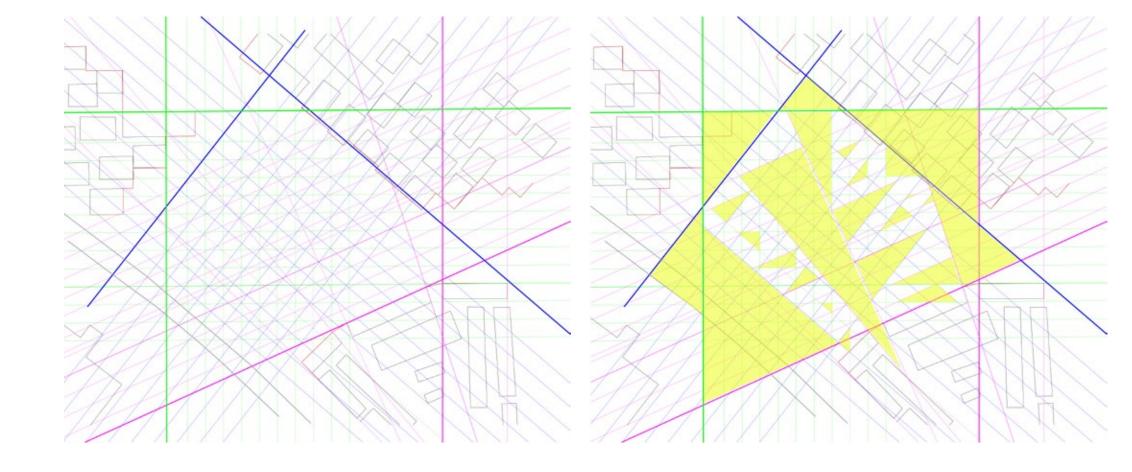
The selected neighborhood for the project has multiple themes that seem to be randomly added at first. Studying these themes and grids to create a project that connects these parts was the central aspect of developing the concept.

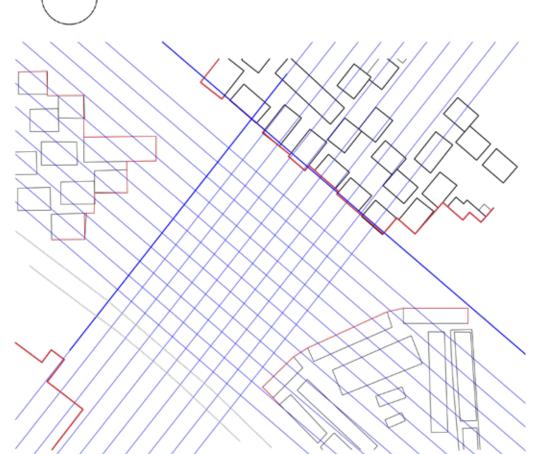
Process

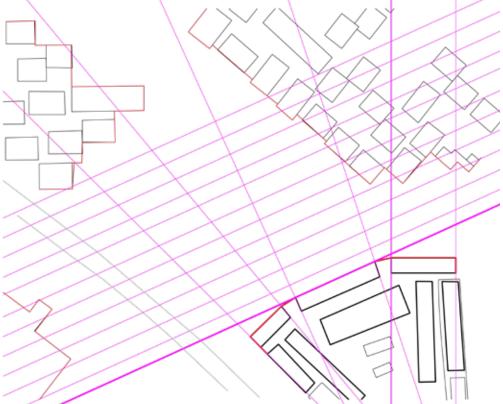
Each one of the three multi-family complexes around the site has a different grid and orientation. By extending each one of these grids and then combining them together, we got a random complex grid.

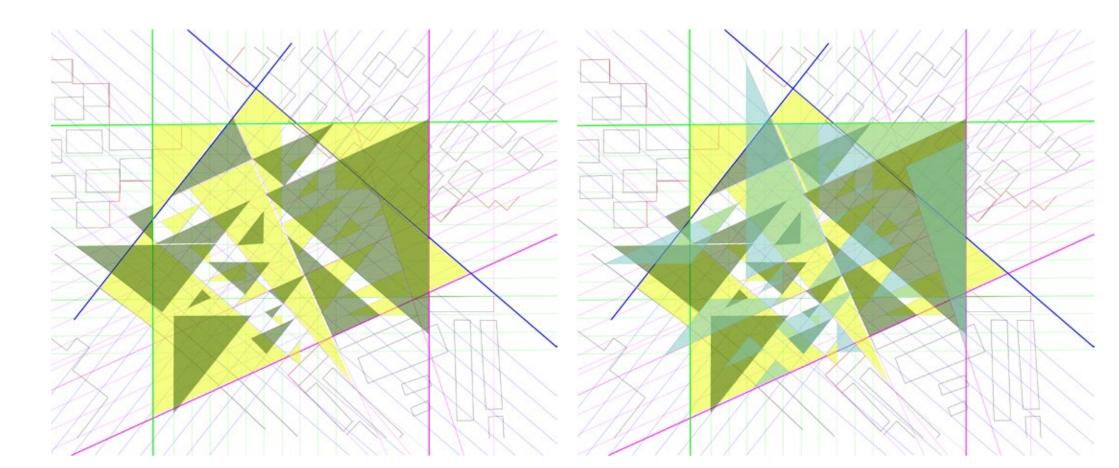
By filling the triangles from the formed grid, we can see a different pattern each time, which led me to form the masses' geometry and outlines.

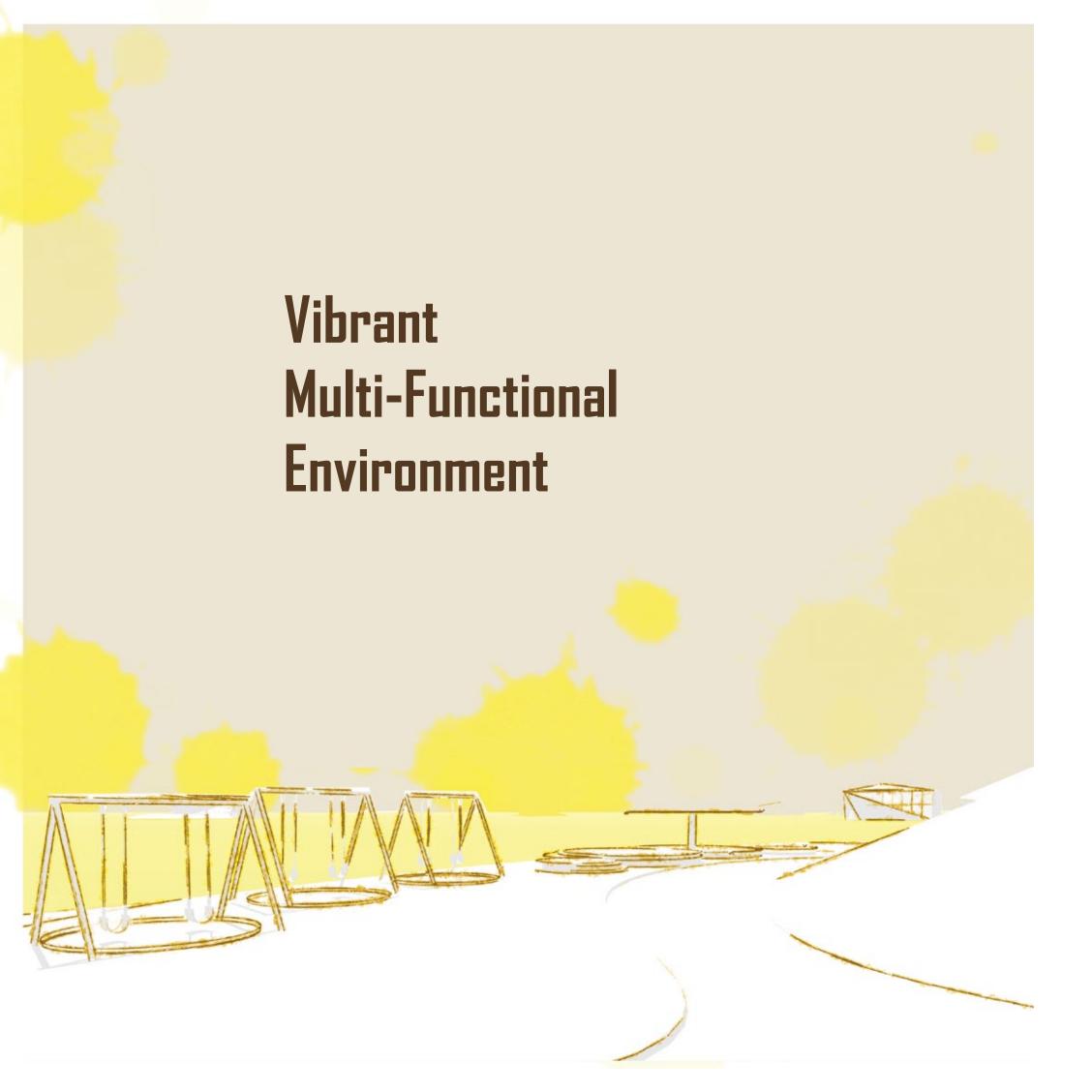












The project's primary goal is to introduce a new vibrant environment to the neighborhood where the inside and outside are well connected. A significant aspect of the project is redefining the edges between the buildings, which are mostly neglect and not used for the community's benefit.

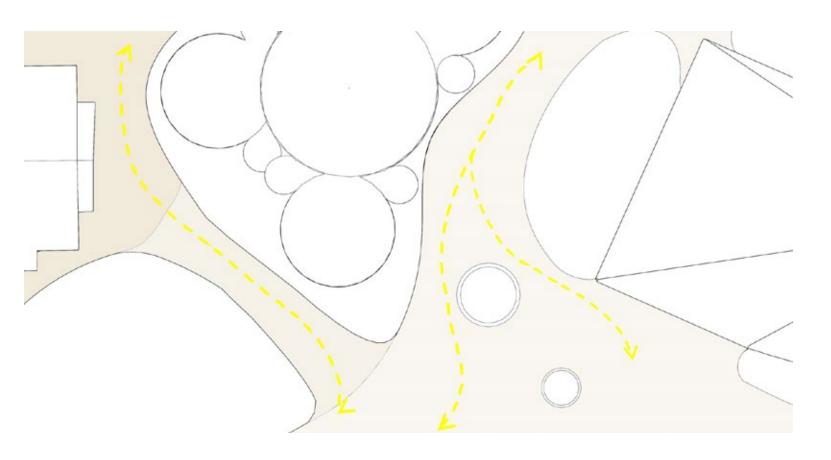
Three components are integrated to form the project; the first one is the canopies, which include outdoor functions. These functions are what connect the community around the site directly with it, visually and physically.

The second component is the landscape, an integral part of the project to provide a pleasant environment around the project and enhance walkability by having a long connected walkway shaded with natural elements.

The third part is the masses, the main functions of the project. Most of the functions are informal and accessible for community use.

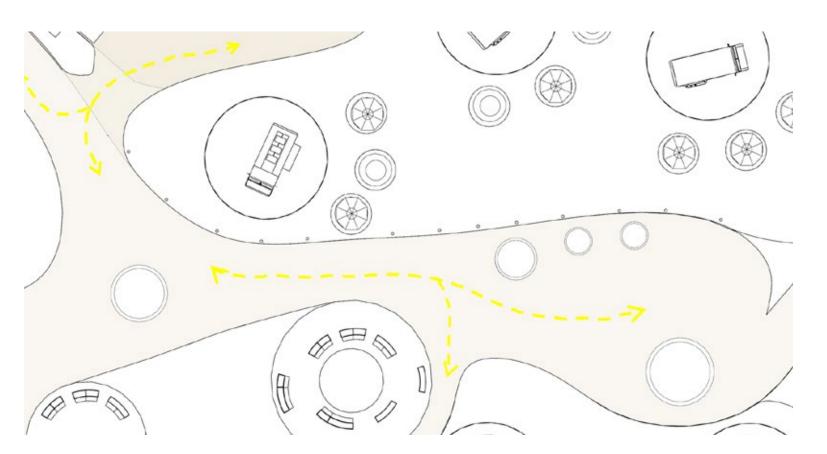
Canopies - Landscape - Massing

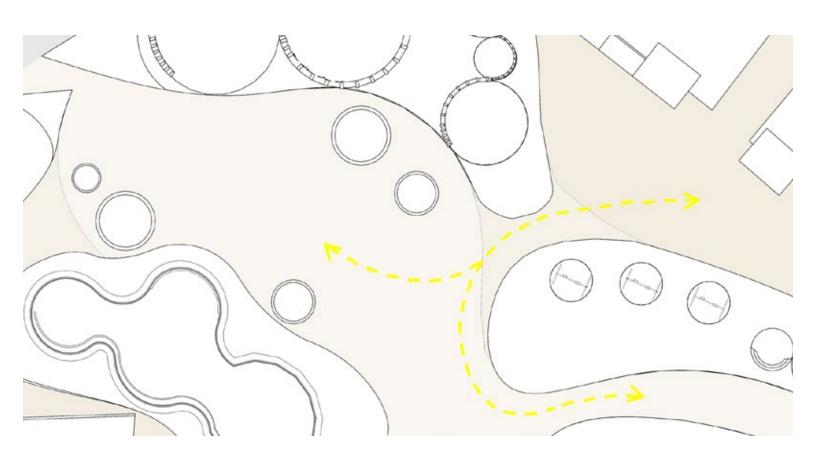




Adjacency

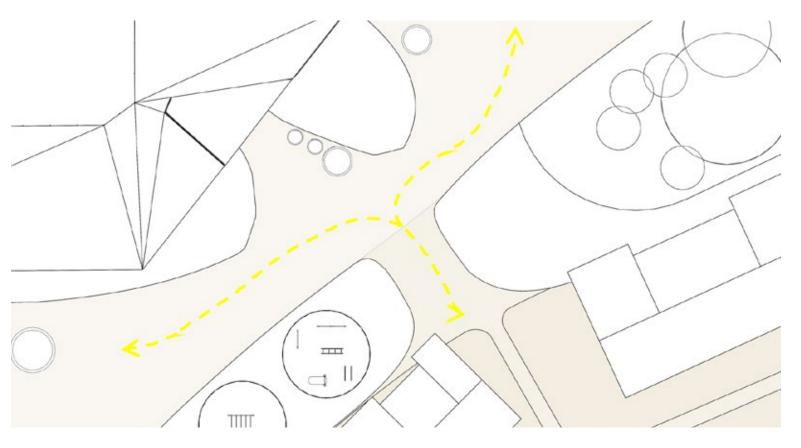
The new proposed functions are defined with different colors and textures, at the same time visually and physically connected with the existing context.





Connectivity

The project is well connected to the existing typology of the neighborhood through main walkways.





1 Gymnastic Space



2 Skating Rink



3 Open Platform





4 Food Trucks with Seating Area



5 Performance Steps



6 Outside Exercise

Canopies - Landscape - Massing







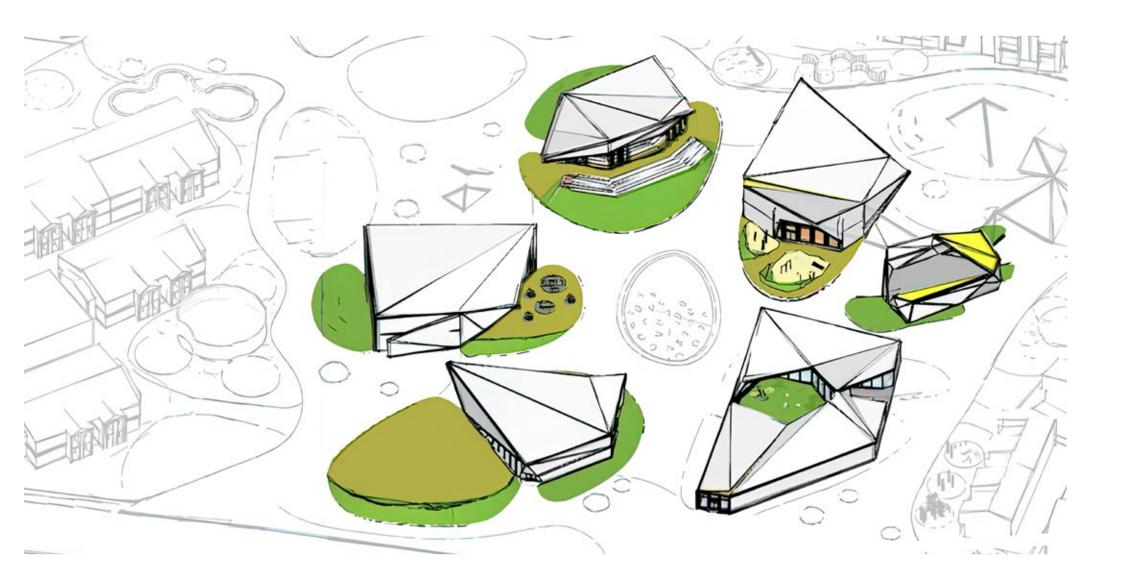








Canopies - Landscape - Massing

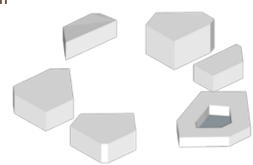


Massing Development

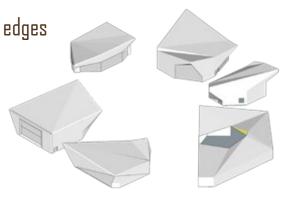
Each of the masses is unique and has different functions, making an endless possibility triangular grid a perfect way to express the pavilions' geometry.

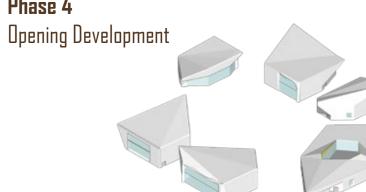


Phase 2 Height Extension

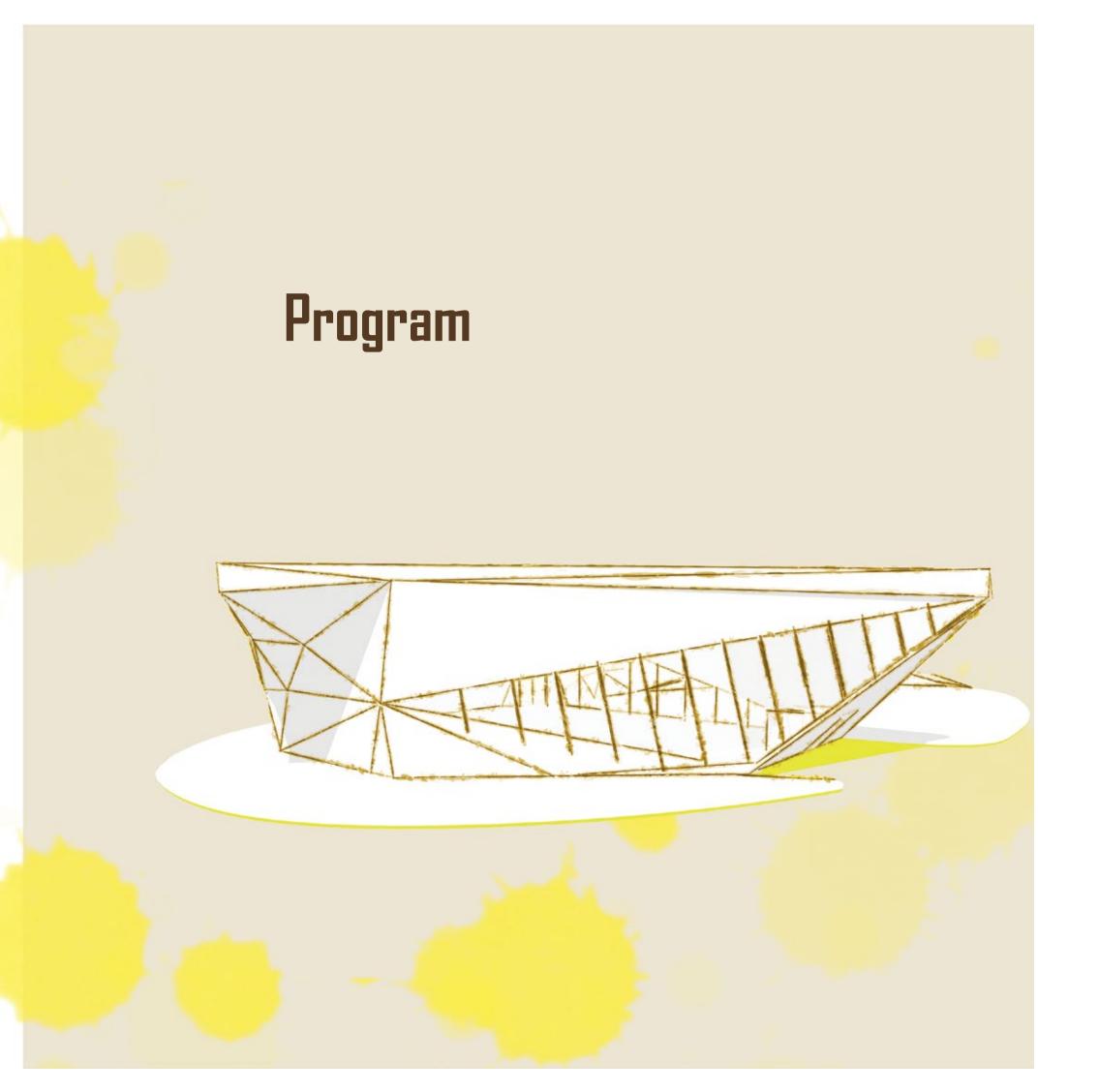


Phase 3 Modifying the edges and corners









Mass	Floor	Function	Area sq/ft
Mass I (Stage)		Stage	724
		Seating area	1124
		outdoor seating	1962
		Services (backstage)	912
Mass 2 (Recreation)	Ground Floor	Workout hall	1700
Mass Z (NGGI Gation)	ar duniu i loul	Hoppy (dance/	1700
		music/art) room	2036
		Offices	2000
		Recption	600
		Services	1060
	First Floor	Library	1960
		Study Hall	795
		Work Hall	710
		Studio	1156
		Reception	503
		W.c	340
		Multi- purpose hall	
Mass 3 (Multi-events)	First Floor	(Community Events)	3269
		Reception Buffet	494
		Kitchen	694
		Services	428
Mass 4 (Day Care)	First Floor	Offices	870
		Classes	2700
		Reception	310
		Dinning room	380
		Sleeping room	430
		Services	500
		Indoor Play	1400
		Outdoor Play	2400
		outubul Huy	2 100

Mass 5 (Cafe)	Ground Floor	Community Cafe	2713
		Lounge	1353
		Admin	230
		Kitchen	1190
		Storage	430
		Services	570
	First Floor	Support hall	644
		Offices	1350
		College Youth Classes	1180
		Services	560
Mass 6 (Open Plaza)		Community Hub	2690

Design

The design is a new intervention of internal and external elements to support the neighborhood's active living environment. The different functions introduced in the masses and canopies aim to help the residents maintain good mental and physical health. A variety of activities are presented to meet the needs of all community demographics.

Integrating every part of the project with the neighborhood's urban planning was a significant aspect of the design; to create a connective community with better quality of the surrendering that will enhance the residents' living conditions.



Site Plan

This master plan shows the results of integrating the main three parts of the project. Each part of it has its unique character. They are blending together to produce vibrant spaces for the community.

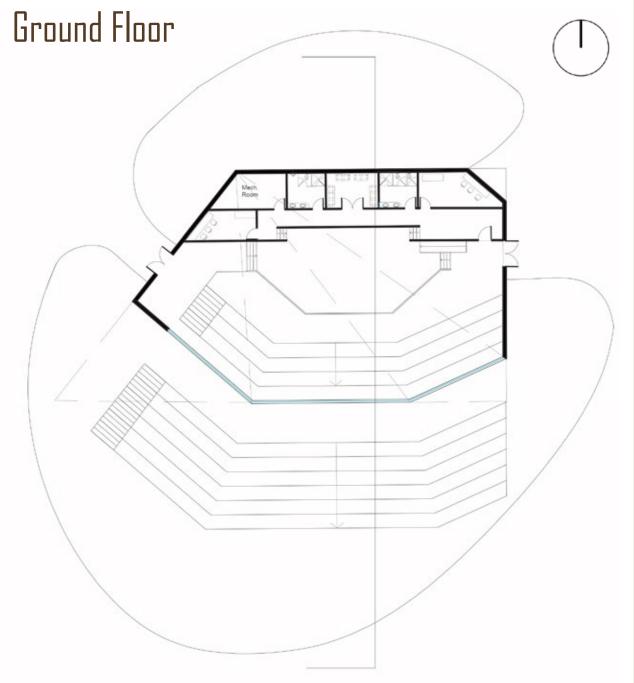
The six masses are formed in the site's central area, creating the middle central plaza with the interactive water feature. Each mass has an outside area purposed to its function to enhance the connection with the surrounding environment.

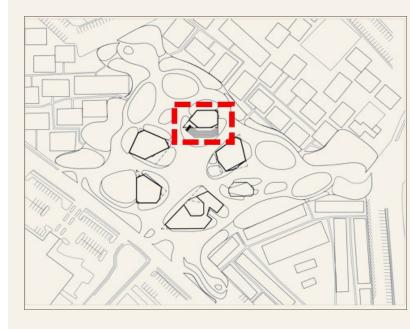
Stage

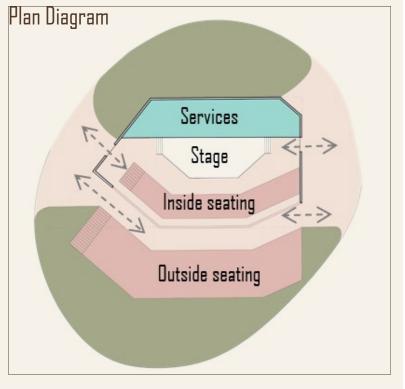
The stage mass has a unique design character, the seating area is divided inside and outside to give the users both options. Movable curtain walls are placed, as they are easily managed to function for both options.

The back area of the outside seating functions as a green lawn where people can lay down or sit to listen or see the performances and shows happening.











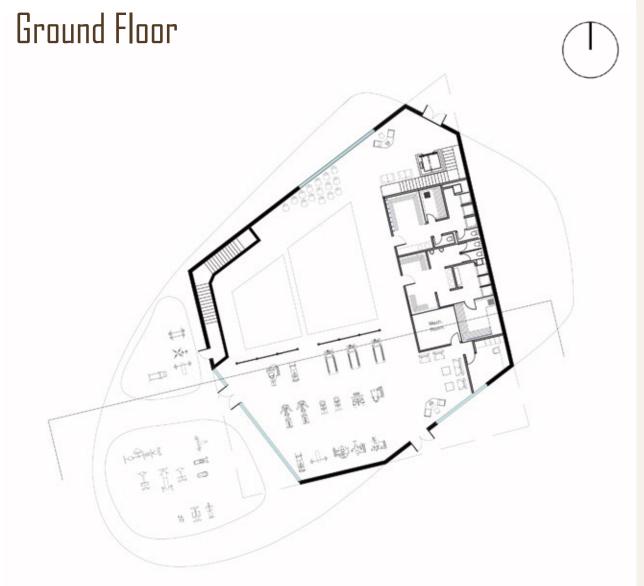


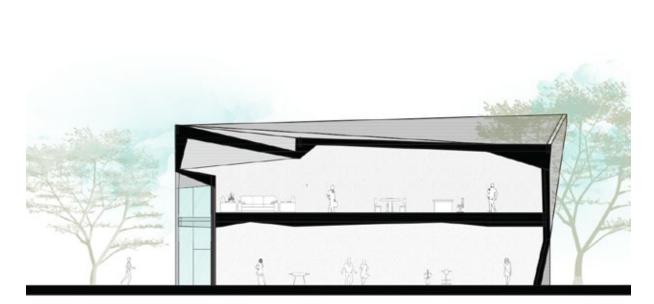
Recreation

The functions introduced in this two stories mass are mainly to provide easy access to essential facilities for our community's well-being. The first floor has a gym hall with workout machines and an adjacent dance, music hall, where people can practice their hobbies.

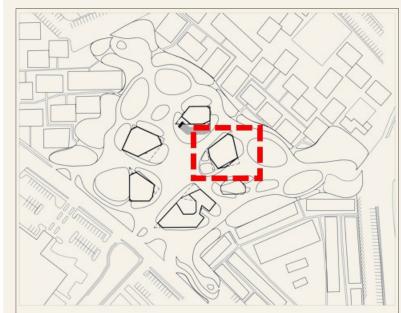
The second floor has a small library and a convenient place for working or studying for those who do not have adequate places to do so in their homes.

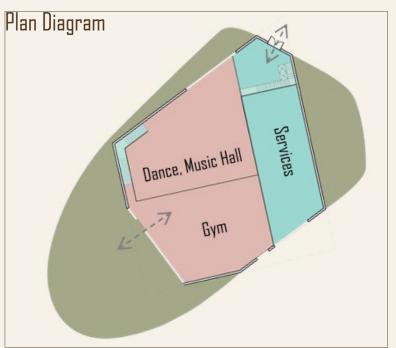


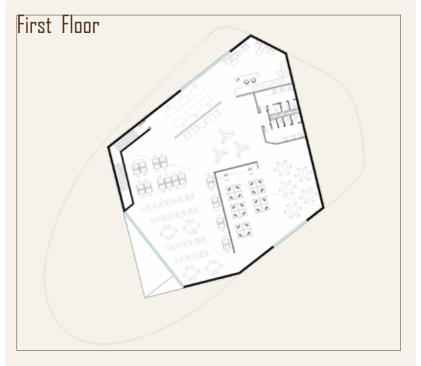


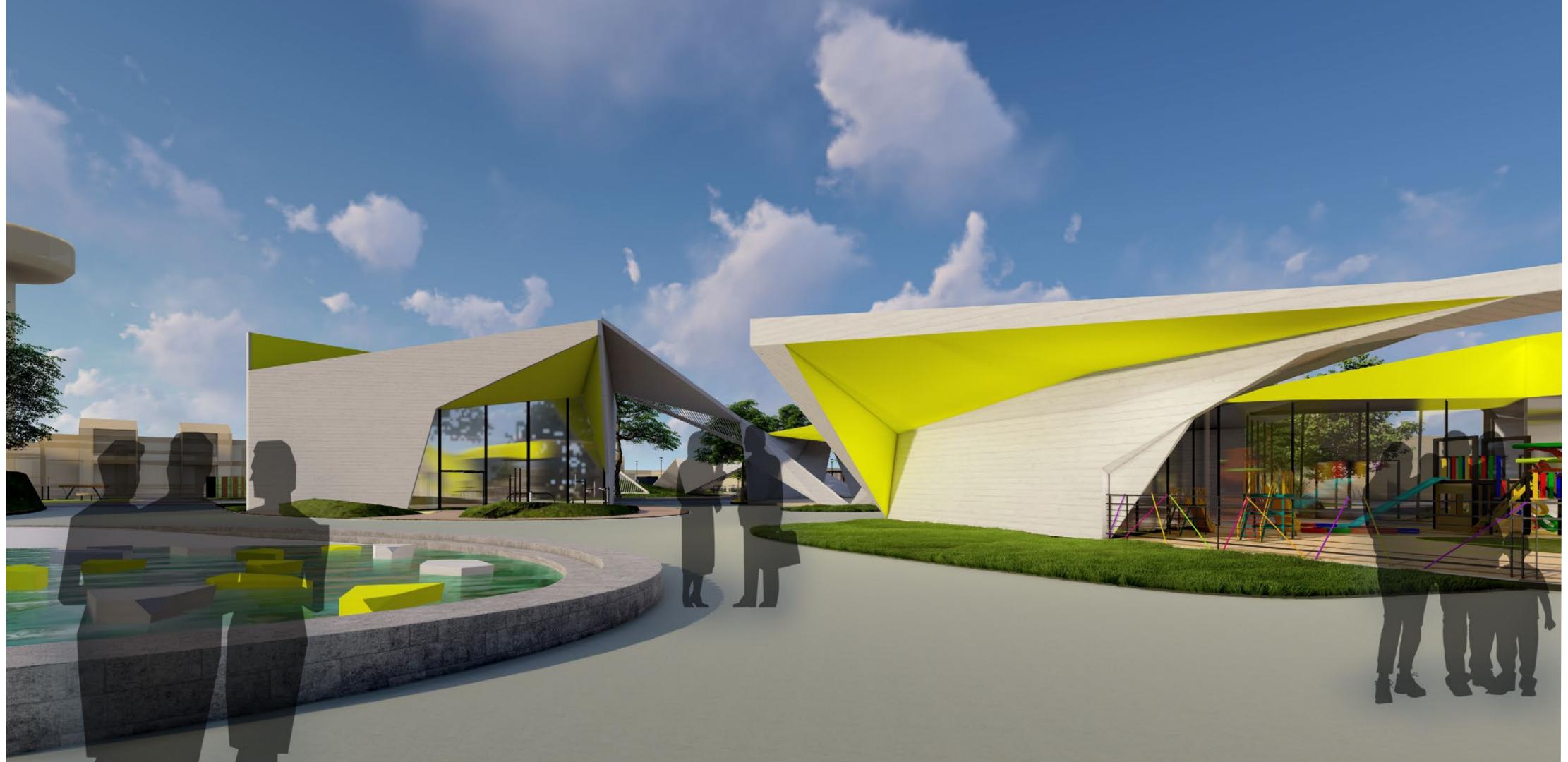






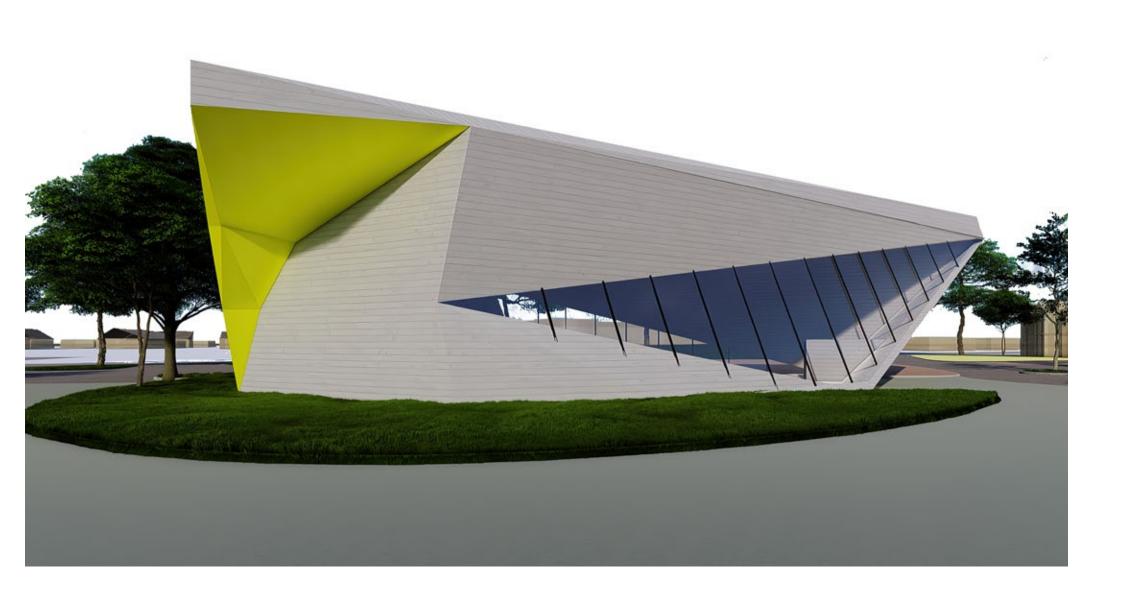


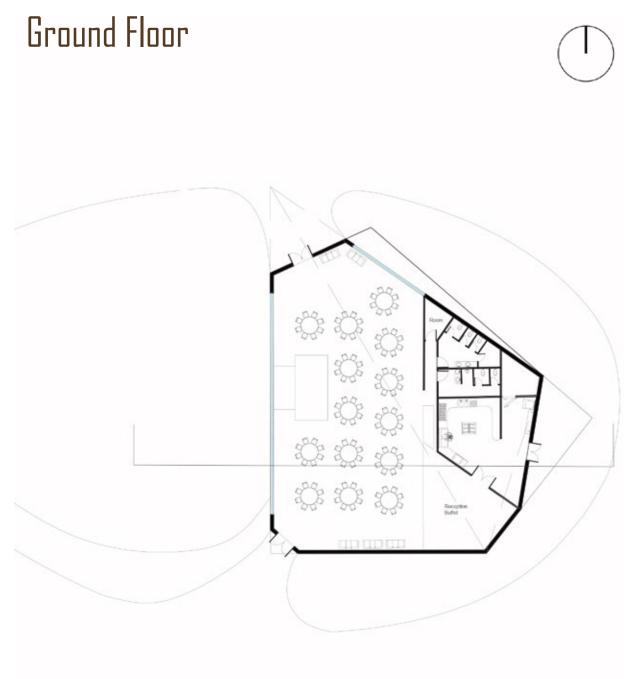


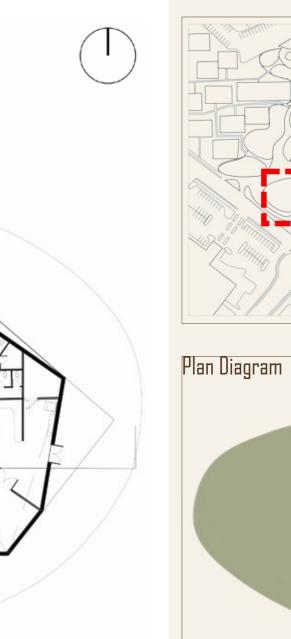


Multi-events

One of the existed functions in the previous building that been replaced is a multi-event hall that accommodates church events and other community ceremonies. The outside seating area for this mass is oriented toward the church to be more connected.













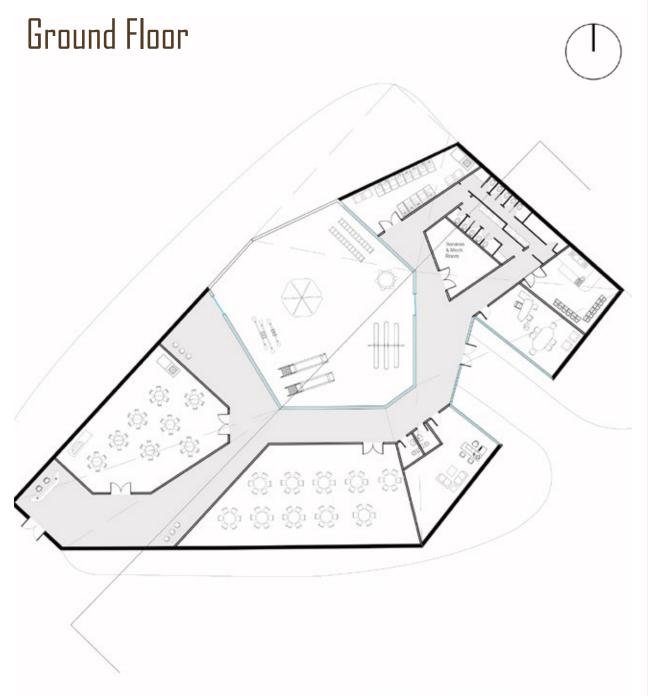


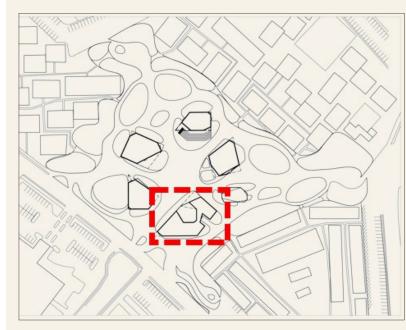
Day Care

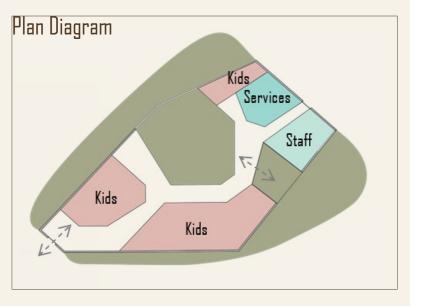
The daycare was one of the existed buildings on the site. The same functions are provided in this mass, but with a new design that creates a dynamic environment for the kids and the area around.

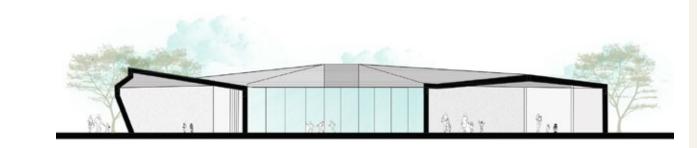
The central courtyard or playground gives this sense of movement and excitement for the people looking toward the kids playing. There is another yard at the back of the mass to provide natural elements and sunlight to the building.











Mass Section





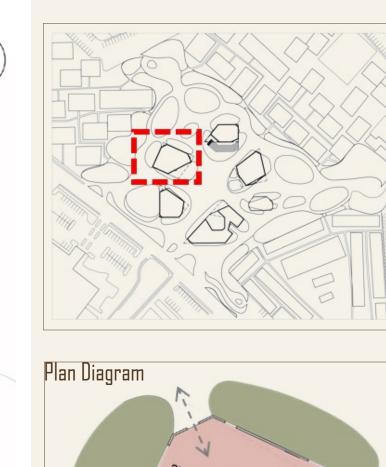
Café/Lounge

On the ground floor of this mass, a community cafe and lounge are provided. The cafe and restaurant is an excellent destination for many people, having these functions in a community hub area was necessary. Outside seating areas are provided as a transition point between the central plaza and the indoor.

The first floor has office spaces as these offices existed in the previous building.











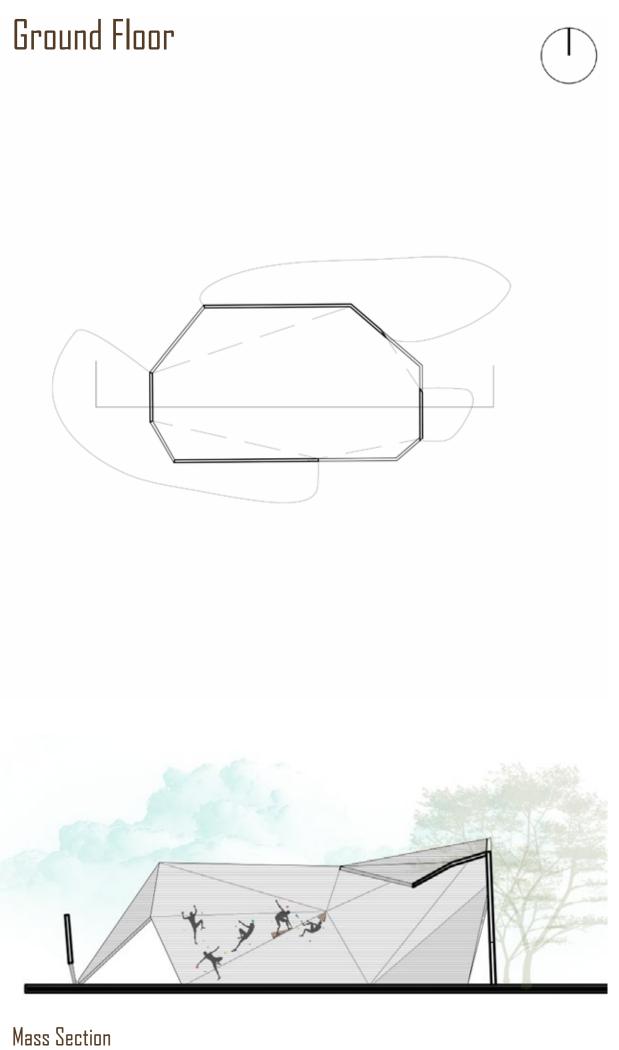
Mass Section

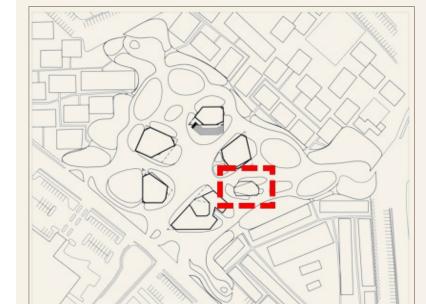


Open Plaza

This open pavilion allows the community members to create their own functions and interact with the space. The pavilion walls could work as a climbing wall or as an art show gallery, the central area could also have different functions, from photoshopping to art performances, etc.







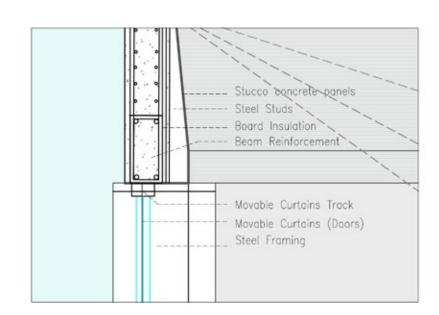


Details

The Detailing part of the project is a critical phase, establishing the systems and materials that the project would be constructed and presented in, ensuring that the finishes and colors express the design concept without losing the site and neighborhood's identity.

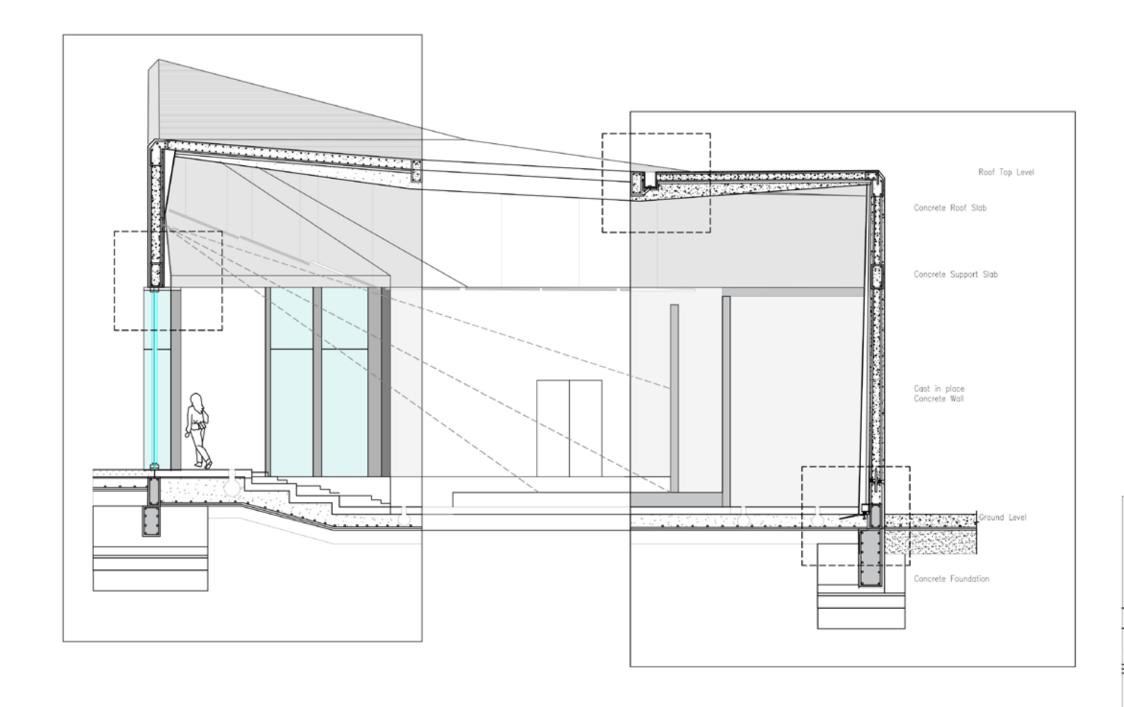
The project consists of different public interventions; choosing the colors for canopies and masses was part of the concept. The strong yellow color gives a hint of an energetic theme, full of life and intensity. The white concrete is blended with a glimpse of yellow from the corners to bring the energy from the outside canopies and typology to the inside functions.

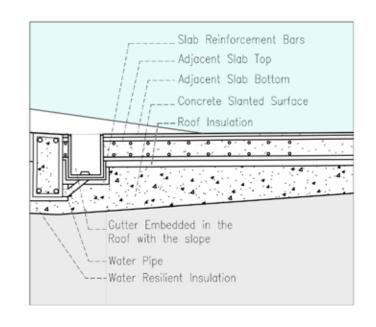
Wall Section Details



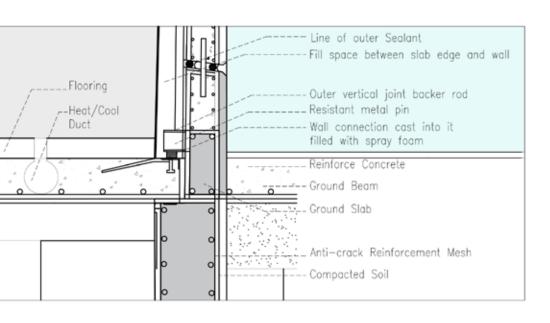
Wall System

This wall section detail for the stage mass shows the structural components of how the building could be constructed. The same structural system could be applied to the other masses. The unique shapes of the masses in the design and the surface shapes of the walls and roofs led me to use cast-in-place concrete as the structural system. Concrete is the perfect material to express the design shapes and angles flexibly.





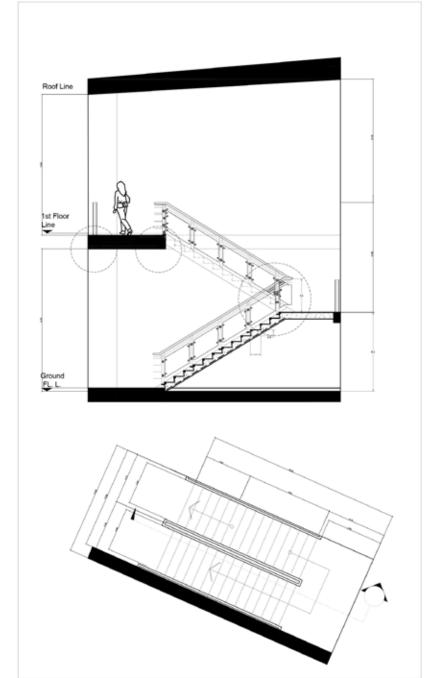
Roof System



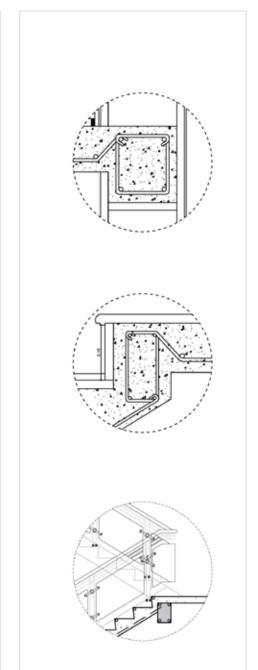
Foundation System

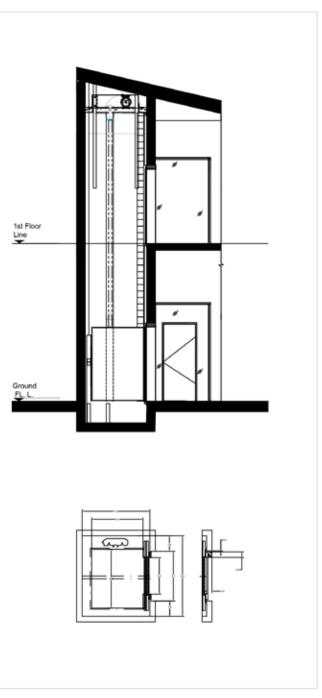
Stair & Elevator Details

ADA Toilet Details

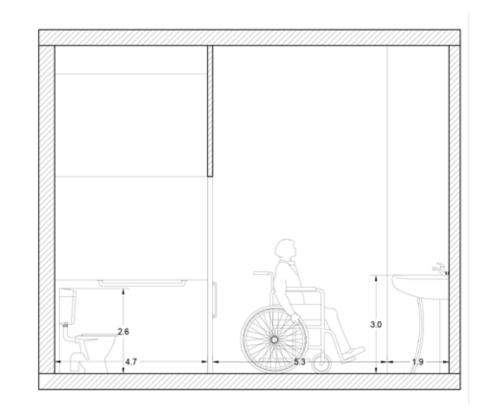


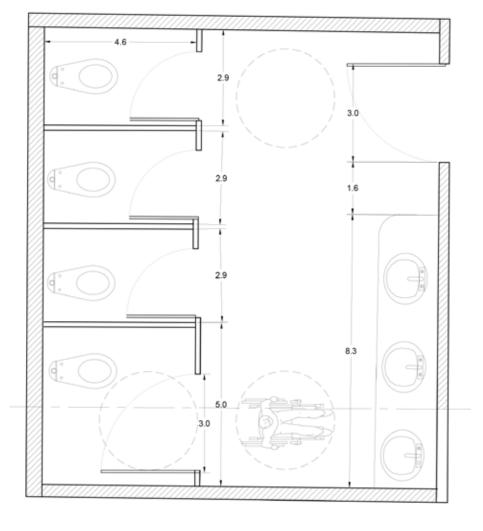
Stair Plan and Section







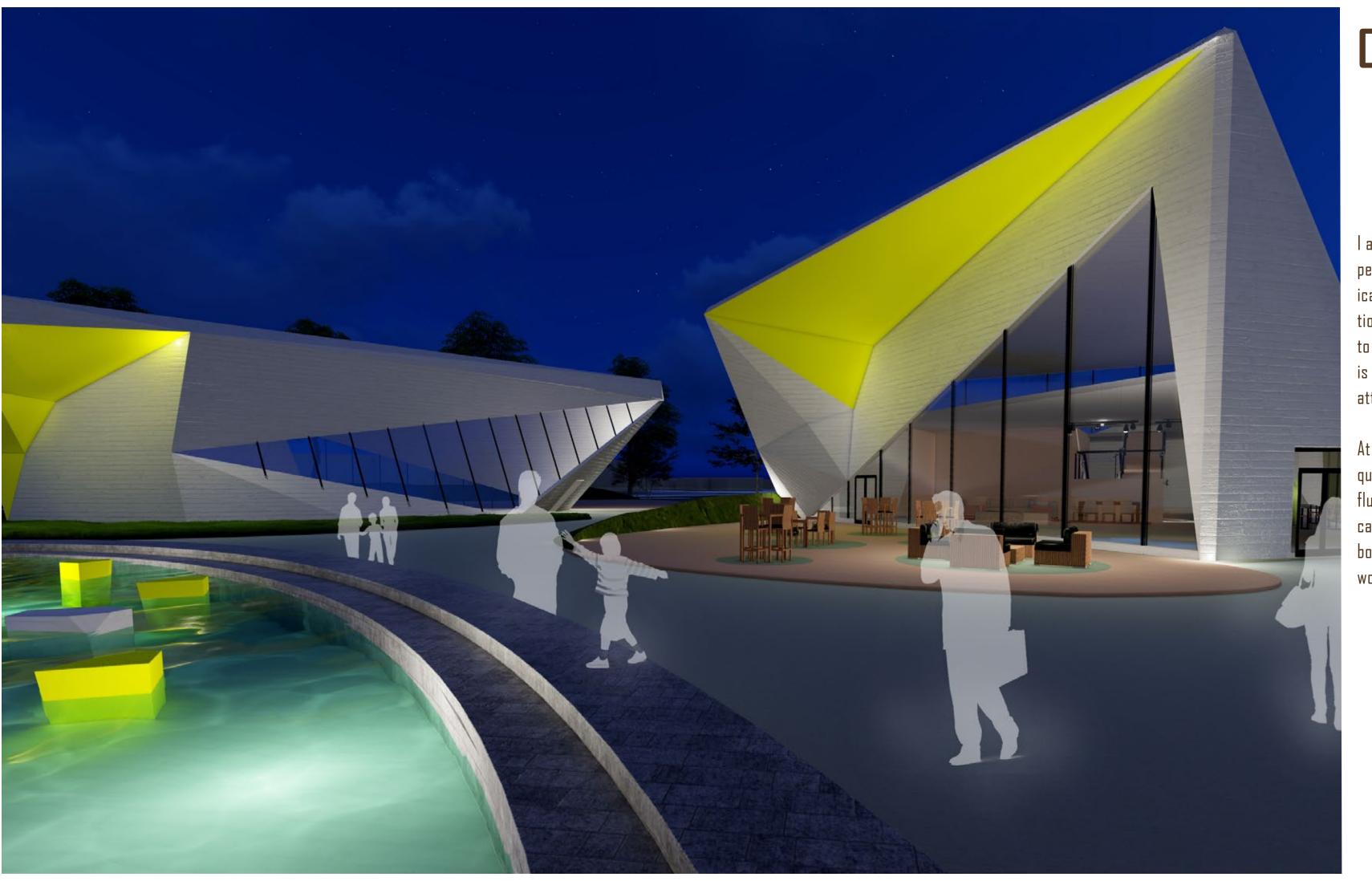




Toilet Plan

Toilet Section

Zoom-In Details



Conclusion

I always wanted to make the world a better place for the people around me. I observed that Architecture has a significant impact on our beings, physical, behavioral, and emotional. I choose architecture as the way for me to contribute to human development. Having big ideas to help the public is what motivates me to design. And this project is another attempt for me to do so.

At the end of the project, I would like to leave you with open questions, Could these Ideas become a Prototype that Influences the Built Environment in our Neighborhoods? How can we Improve the Public-built Environment in our Neighborhoods? Can our Neighborhoods make our lives better or worst?

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